

# **TELKYD S 200 TIX**

Creation date 29th March 2012

Revision date 19th April 2022 Version 4.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier TELKYD S 200 TIX

Substance / mixture mixture

Other mixture names

ANTICORROSIVE THIXOTROPIC SINGLE COAT

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Mixture's intended use

Varnish. For professional use only.

Mixture uses advised against

The product should not be used in ways other then those referred in Section 1.

Exposure scenario is attached to the Safety Data Sheet.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Name or trade name BARVY A LAKY TELURIA,s.r.o.

Address č.p.1, Skrchov, 679 61

Czech Republic

 Identification number (CRN)
 43420371

 VAT Reg No
 CZ43420371

 Phone
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 E-mail
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Web address http://www.bal.cz

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet

Name

BARVY A LAKY TELURIA, s.r.o.

E-mail tel@teluria.cz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency number: 112

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification of the mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture is classified as dangerous.

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Acute Tox. 4, H312+H332

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

**STOT SE 3, H335** 

**STOT RE 2, H373** 

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

## Most serious adverse physico-chemical effects

Flammable liquid and vapour.

## Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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#### 2.2. Label elements

## **Hazard pictogram**









## Signal word

Warning

### **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H312+H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

## **Precautionary statements**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

## **Supplemental information**

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime, fatty acids, C6-19-branched, cobalt(2+) salts. May

produce an allergic reaction.

Density 1.18-1.35 g/cm³ at 23 °C (EN ISO 2811-1)

 VOC
 0.28-0.40 kg/kg

 TOC
 0.25-0.36 kg/kg

 Dry matter
 >46 % volume

 VOC limit value
 cat. A (a) SB: 30 g/l

## 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Mixture does not contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended. Substances are neither listed in Annex XIV of REACH nor on the REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC).



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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

## **Chemical characterization**

Mixture of pigments, fillers and anticorrosive pigments in solution of alkyd resin in organic solvent with addition of driers and additives.

The mixture contains a reaction mixture of o, m, p-xylene and ethylbenzene (ethylbenzene content <26%).

Mixture contains these hazardous substances and substances with the highest permissible concentration in the working environment

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
EC: 905-562-9 Registration number: 01-2119555267-33	xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )	30-38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H312+H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	1, 4
Index: 022-006-00-2 CAS: 13463-67-7 EC: 236-675-5 Registration number: 01-2119489379-17-0013	titanium dioxide	0-10		3
Index: 030-011-00-6 CAS: 7779-90-0 EC: 231-944-3 Registration number: 01-21194850-44-40- 0001	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	2,5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	
Index: 607-195-00-7 CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Registration number: 01-2119475791-29	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0,1-4,6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	4
Index: 649-356-00-4 EC: 918-668-5 Registration number: 01-2119455851-35	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	0,1-2,3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	2, 5
CAS: 22464-99-9 EC: 245-018-1 Registration number: 01-2119979088-21	2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0,44	Repr. 2, H361d	
CAS: 136-51-6 EC: 205-249-0 Registration number: 01-2119978297-19	calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0,28	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d	



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Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
CAS: 68409-81-4 EC: 270-066-5	fatty acids, C6-19-branched, cobalt(2+) salts	<0,2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
CAS: 64216-15-5 EC: 264-731-9 Registration number: 01-2119978299-15	calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate	0,19	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Index: 616-014-00-0 CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6	2-butanone oxime	<0,1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system) Specific concentration limit: ATE Dermal = 1100 mg/kg bw ATE Oral = 100 mg/kg bw	

### Notes

- Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.
- 2 Note P: The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260- P262-P301 + P310-P331 shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.
- Note 10: The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm.
- 4 Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.
- 5 Fulfilled Note P

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet. If unconscious, put the person in the stabilized (recovery) position on his side with his head slightly bent backwards and make sure that airways are free; never induce vomiting. If the person vomits by himself, make sure that the vomit is not inhaled. In life threatening conditions first of all provide resuscitation of the affected person and ensure medical assistance. Respiratory arrest - provide artificial respiration immediately. Cardiac arrest - provide indirect cardiac massage immediately.

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#### If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Protect the person against growing cold. Provide medical treatment if irritation, dyspnoea or other symptoms persist.

#### If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash the affected area with plenty of water, lukewarm if possible. Soap, soap solution or shampoo should be used if there is no skin injury. Provide medical treatment if skin irritation persists. Rinse skin with water or shower.

#### If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. Rinsing should continue at least for 10 minutes. Provide medical treatment, specialized if possible.

#### If swallowed

Provide medical treatment.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### If inhaled

Cough, headache. May cause respiratory irritation.

#### If on skin

Causes skin irritation.

#### If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### If swallowed

Irritation, nausea.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment. If you see a doctor, take this safety data sheet with you.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Closed containers with the product near the fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.



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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For workers apart from emergency teams: Avoid inhalation of vapour, prevent skin and eye contact. Wear appropriate protective clothing and gloves. Wear eye protection and face shield if necessary. Use suitable respiratory protection. In closed spaces, ensure fresh air supply. Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking and no open fire. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

For members of emergency teams: Use appropriate personal protective equipment – protective clothing with antistatic finish and impermeable work shoes. Treat unprotected skin with barrier cream. Anti-chemical protective gloves. For short-time exposure or low concentration, use respirator with organic vapour and dust filter (protection level A/P2); for high concentration and long-term exposure, self-contained respirator is necessary.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water. If possible prevent leakage, close container and place damaged container in protective container.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.



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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1. General health measures

Use the product after due familiarization with its hazard characteristics and proper training or training in its safe use. Do not eat, drink, smoke on the site. Wash your hands and other contaminated parts of body by soap and water before eating and after the use of product is finished. Abide by requirements on personal hygiene when working with hazardous chemical products.

Use technical equipment on the site to control human and environment exposure. Regularly inspect the equipment, ensure cleaning, timely maintenance and permanent functionality. When working, use the recommended personal protective equipment listed in 8.2 of the Safety Data Sheet and in Annex to the Safety Data Sheet. Keep the protective clothing and protective equipment sound and clean. Immediately replace the damaged protective aids for sound ones. Keep the site, tools and aids clean and in sound state. On the site, keep the product in labelled containers or tanks. Store product waste and wastes contaminated by the product in suitable and properly labelled vessels located on designated marked and protected places. Ensure long-term storing of wastes containing the product outside the site.

#### 7.1.2. Fire precautions

When using the product, prevent potential ignition or explosion of the mixture of product vapour and air caused by contact with open flame, sparks, extremely hot surfaces, electrostatic discharges. Do not smoke on the site, use non-sparking tools. Places with increased occurrence of the vapour-air mixture need to be ventilated to prevent formation of explosive mixtures. Solvent vapours are heavier than air. The site should be protected from electrostatic discharges.

#### 7.1.3. Environmental precautions

Handle the product on a site technically adapted to avoid accidental leakage to sewerage systems, water or soil. Product waste and wastes contaminated by the product to be disposed of as hazardous waste. Waste water contaminated by the product may only be discharged to water reservoirs after the product components are properly removed in a waste water treatment plant or in other appropriate treatment plant able to remove drifted product components from water. Do not pour the product to waste water. Emissions of solvent from point sources are subjected to control requirements acc. to air protection regulations.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the product in properly marked, closed containers in well ventilated spaces at  $5-25\,^{\circ}$ C. The storages must meet the requirements on storing of flammable liquids and substances hazardous for aquatic life and soil. Protect from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources. No smoking. Store away from oxidising substances and strong acids. Do not store with food, drinks, feed material, medicines. Storages should be protected from static electricity. First aid kit and water suitable for eye rinsing should be available.

Keep away from products that are corrosive to metals (eg acids or pool chemicals).

Storage class 3A - Flammable liquids (flash point below 55 °C)

Storage temperature min 5 °C, max 25 °C

#### The specific requirements or rules relating to the substance/mixture

Some shades of the product contain titanium dioxide. Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and accumulate especially near the floor where they may form an explosive mixture with the air.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in coating compositions was assessed for substances of mixture xylenes, hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-methoxy-1- methyl ethyl-acetate and trizinc bis(orthophosphate). Conditions of safe use of the registered coating composition components specified in exposure scenarios to SDSs of the components are incorporated to this Safety Data Sheet and its Annex.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

The mixture contains substances for which occupational exposure limits are set.

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## **European Union**

## Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

Substance name (component)	Туре	Value	Note
	OEL 8 hours	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	OEL 8 hours	50 ppm	
xylenes	OEL 15 minutes	442 mg/m³	Skin
	OEL 15 minutes	100 ppm	
	OEL 8 hours	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS: 108-65-	OEL 8 hours	50 ppm	Skin
6)	OEL 15 minutes	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Skiii
	OEL 15 minutes	100 ppm	

#### **DNEL**

## 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	32.97 mg/m³	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Dermal	6.49 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	8.13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Dermal	3.25 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local acute effects		
Workers	Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic acute effects		
Consumers	Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		



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## calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	15.7 mg/m³	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Dermal	2.23 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	3.87 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Dermal	1.11 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	1.11 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)					

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	39.98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Dermal	5.7 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	9.68 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Dermal	2.83 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	2.83 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		

## hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	150 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Dermal	25 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	32 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	11 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		

# titanium dioxide

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
	Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		

# trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	5 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Dermal	83 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	2.5 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Dermal	83 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	0.83 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects		



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# xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method	Source
Workers	Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic acute effects		
Workers	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local acute effects		
Workers	Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic acute effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local acute effects		
Consumers	Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Consumers	Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects		
Workers	Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local chronic effects		
Consumers	Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Local chronic effects		

# PNEC

## 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	360 μg/l		
Seawater	36 μg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	71.7 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	6.37 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Sea sediments	0.637 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	1.06 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		

# 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.635 mg/l		
Seawater	0.0635 mg/l		
Water (intermittent release)	6.35 mg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	100 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	3.29 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		

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# 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Sea sediments	0.329 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	0.29 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		

# calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.08 mg/l		
Seawater	0.008 mg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	25.9 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	1.02 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Sea sediments	0.1 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	0.16 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		

# calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.36 mg/l		
Seawater	0.036 mg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	71.7 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	6.37 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Sea sediments	0.637 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	1.06 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		

# titanium dioxide

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.127 mg/l		
Seawater	1 mg/l		
Water (intermittent release)	0.61 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	1000 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		

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## titanium dioxide

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Sea sediments	100 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	100 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	100 mg/l		
Oral	1667 mg/kg of food		savci

# trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Freshwater environment	0.0206 mg/l		
Seawater	0.0061 mg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	0.1 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	117.8 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Sea sediments	56.5 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	35.6 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		

# xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method	Source
Drinking water	0.327 mg/l		
Seawater	0.327 mg/l		
Water (intermittent release)	0.327 mg/l		
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	6.58 mg/l		
Freshwater sediment	12.46 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Sea sediments	12.46 mg/kg of dry substance of sediment		
Soil (agricultural)	2.31 mg/kg of dry substance of soil		



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#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Conditions of safe use of the registered product composition components specified in exposure scenarios to Safety Data Sheets of the components are given in Annex of the SDS, including the required additional measures restricting the exposure – see the exposure scenarios for the intended uses of the product.

General safety and hygienic measures. When working, do not eat, drink, smoke. Before the break and after the work, hands should be washed with soap and hot water, treated with barrier cream. Overall and local ventilation, effective extraction.

#### Eye/face protection

Protective goggles (closed eye protection) resistant to organic solvent or face shield.

## Skin protection

Skin protection: Protective clothes with antistatic finish, protective shoes; treat unprotected skin with barrier cream. Hand protection: Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374-1:2003). Suitable material – nitrile rubber, PVA and others, time of penetration corresponding to > 480 minutes. The time of penetration specified by the manufacturer should be followed and the glove replaced after expiration. If damaged, the gloves should be replaced immediately. The selection of suitable protective gloves does not only depend on their material, but also on other qualitative features. Furthermore, since the mixture can be used for various purposes, mixed with other substances, the suitability of gloves for all purposes cannot be predetermined and must be verified in particular use.

#### Respiratory protection

Don't breathe vapours. For short-time exposure or low concentration, use respirator with organic vapour and dust filter (protection level A/P2); for high concentration and long-term exposure, self-contained respirator is necessary.

#### Thermal hazard

Not available.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2. Collect spillage. Ensure that containers are properly closed during storage, handling and transport. Secure storage areas against possible leakage of product into the environment (sewerage, water, soil - see 6.2). Do not flush product into drains or watercourses.

### More information

Exposure scenario is attached to the Safety Data Sheet.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Colour according to the shade
Odour typical aromatic
Melting point/freezing point data not available
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range data not available

Flammability Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

data not available

Kinematic viscosity

>20.5 mm²/s at 40 °C

Solubility in water

data not available

Solubility in water data not available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) data not available
Vapour pressure data not available
data not available

Density and/or relative density

Density **9.2. Other information** 

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1.18-1.35 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 23 °C (EN ISO 2811-1)



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Oxidising properties The product has no oxidizing properties.

Content of organic solvents (VOC)

Total organic carbon (TOC)

Solid content (dry matter)

VOC limit value

0.28-0.40 kg/kg
0.25-0.36 kg/kg
>46 % volume
cat. A (a) SB: 30 g/l

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

When used in the standard way, there is not any dangerous reaction with other substances.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is volatile and evaporates under standard temperature and pressure. It is stable when stored and handled under standard ambient conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Inhalation of solvent vapors above values exceeding exposure limits for working environment may result in acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the level of concentration and exposure time. No toxicological data is available for the mixture.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

#### 2-butanone oxime

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Dermal	ATE		1100 mg/kg bw			
Oral	ATE		100 mg/kg bw			

## 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	>5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	>5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50		>5000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	

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-						

	ylethyl acetate	: 		1		
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Inhalation	LC50		>23500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	6 hour	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
Dermal	LD50		>5000 mg/kg		Rabbit	
calcium 3,5,5-trime	ethylhexanoate	9		•	•	•
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD <sub>50</sub>	OECD 401	1160 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	>5000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F/M
calcium bis(2-ethy	hexanoate)		•	•		
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	2043 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	>5000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	F
hydrocarbons, C9,	aromatics	•		•	•	
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50		3492 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
Dermal	LD50		3160 mg/kg		Rabbit	
Inhalation	LC50		6193 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hour	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
titanium dioxide						
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50		>5000 mg/kg			
Inhalation	LC50		6.82 mg/l of air			
trizinc bis(orthopho	osphate)	_				
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50		5000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
xylene ( mixture of	f isomers and e	ethylbenzene )				
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	EU B.1	3523 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	М
Inhalation	LC50	EU B.2	27124 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hour	Rat (Rattus	М

12126 mg/kg bw

# Skin corrosion/irritation

LD50

Causes skin irritation.

Dermal

Rabbit



	according to Regulation (EC	i) No 1907/2006 (REACH) a	as amended	
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#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The mixture contains sub-threshold amount 2-butanone oxime and fatty acids, C6-19-branched, cobalt(2+) salts, which sensitize the skin. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The mixture contains sub-threshold amount (< 0,1%) 2-butanone oxime, which is classified as category 1B carcinogen substance.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The mixture contains sub-threshold amount fatty acids, C6-19-branched, cobalt(2+) salts, calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) and 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt, that are classified as reproductive toxicant, category 2. The other substances have no reproductive potential.

## Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

## Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

not available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity**

The complete mixture has not been tested. The classification is based on the calculation method. Information on toxic effects are based on the effects of the substances, the data are taken from the safety data sheets of raw materials. The mixture is classified as dangerous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. The mixture is a source of volatile organic emissions. Avoid release to the environment.

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50	OECD 203	>100 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oryzias latipes)	
NOEC	OECD 211	25 mg/l	21 day	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	Freshwater

## 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50		134 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50		408 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	
ErC₅o		>1000 mg/l	96 hour	Algae and other aquatic plants	

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according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended						
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# calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50	OECD 203	122 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50	OECD 202	68 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	
EC50	OECD 201	81 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	

# calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
EC50	OECD 203	>100 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oryzias latipes)	
EC50		49.3 mg/l	96 hour	Algae and other aquatic plants (Desmodesmus sp.)	
EC50		112.1 mg/l	17 hour	Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	
NOEC	OECD 211	25 mg/l	21 day	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	

# hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50		9.2 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50		3.2 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	
EC50		2.9 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	

# titanium dioxide

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50	OECD 203	>100 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Freshwater
LC50	OECD 203	>10000 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Cyprinodon variegatus)	Salt water
LC50	OECD 202	>100 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	Freshwater

# trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50		0.3-5.59 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	

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## trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50		0.89-0.96 mg/l	48 hour	Crustaceans	
EC50		0.29-0.32 mg/l	72 hour	Algae and other aquatic plants	

# xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environmen t
LC50		2.6 mg/l	96 hour	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50		1 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia (Daphnia magna)	
LC50		2.2 mg/l	72 hour	Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	

## **Chronic toxicity**

xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environment
NOEC	>1.3 mg/l	56 day	Fishes (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
NOEC	0.96-1.17 mg/l	7 day	Invertebrates (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# Biodegradability

xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Environment	Result
	OECD 301F	>90 %	28 day		Easily biodegradable

Data for mixture not available.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Surrounding temperature [°C]
BCF	<100			
Log Pow	<3			

xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environment	Surrounding temperature [°C]
BCF	25900 ml/kg				
Log Pow	3.12-3.2				

Data for mixture not available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

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according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended							
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#### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Parameter	Value	Environment	Surrounding temperature
Koc	1.7		

xylene ( mixture of isomers and ethylbenzene )

Parameter	Value	Environment	Surrounding temperature
Koc	48-129		

The mixture is a liquid insoluble in water, in case of leakage into environment, it may be dispersed over large distances and penetrate into underground water. It contains components with the potential of mobility in soil. When released into the soil may occur due to contamination of groundwater.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain any substance meeting the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with the Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Volatile organic substances contained in the mixture have the potential to damage ozone layer.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Proceed in accordance with valid regulations on waste disposal. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

### **Waste management legislation**

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

### Waste type code

08 01 11 waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances \*

#### Packaging waste type code

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances \*

(\*) - Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC on hazardous waste

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

PAINT

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3 Flammable liquids

### 14.4. Packing group

III - substances presenting low danger

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### 14.5. Environmental hazards

The product is dangerous for the environment.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not classified.

#### **Additional information**

Hazard identification No.

**UN** number

Classification code

Safety signs

30 1263

F1

3+hazardous for the environment





## Air transport - ICAO/IATA

Packaging instructions passenger 355 Cargo packaging instructions 366

#### Marine transport - IMDG

EmS (emergency plan) F-E, S-E MFAG 310

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16th December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment was carried out on substances xylene. hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl-acetate and trizinc bis(orthophosphate). The respective exposure scenarios are incorporated in Annex of this Safety Data Sheet.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

# A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

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H312+H332

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

TEL	IVV		C	7	$\mathbf{n}$	TIX
ICL	-N I	v	3	Z	vu	IIV

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H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to upper respiratory tract.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to blood system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Guidelines for safe handling used in the safety data sheet

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

No smokina.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

## A list of additional standard phrases used in the safety data sheet

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime, fatty acids, C6-19-branched, cobalt(2+) salts. May

produce an allergic reaction.

## Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

## Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by

road

BCF Bioconcentration Factor
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substance and mixtures

DNEL Derived no-effect level

EC50 Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50% of the population EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EmS Emergency plan

ES Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS

EU European Union

EuPCS European Product Categorisation System IATA International Air Transport Association

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according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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IBC International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying

Dangerous Chemicals

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

INCI International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients
ISO International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LC50 Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

LD50 Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

log Kow Octanol-water partition coefficient

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NOEC

OEL

Occupational Exposure Limits

PBT

Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC

Predicted no-effect concentration

ppm Parts per million

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Agreement on the transport of dangerous goods by rail

UN Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN

Model Regulations

UVCB Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or

biological materials

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Aquatic Chronic Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Carc. Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. Serious eye damage Eye Irrit. Eye irritation Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid Repr. Reproductive toxicity Skin Irrit. Skin irritation Skin Sens. Skin sensitization

STOT RE Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

## Training guidelines

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

#### **Recommended restrictions of use**

The product is exclusively intended for use in installations authorised according to Directive 1999/13/EC where emission limiting measures provide alternative means of achieving at least equivalent VOC emission reductions.

Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet



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Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020. REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

## The changes (which information has been added, deleted or modified)

The version 4.0 replaces the SDS version from 09 June 2020. Overall revision of SDS according to Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

#### More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

#### **Statement**

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.

# Annex to the Product Safety Data Sheet - EXPOSURE SCENARIO

## 1. Industrial use

Application sector : SU 3 Chemical product category : PC9a

Partial processes covered by exposure scenario: PROC1, PROC2, PROC 3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC 7, PROC8a, PROC8b,

PROC10, PROC13, PROC15

Environmental release : ERC4

# Basic conditions to control the hazard for workers:

Duration of work activities

Concentration

: Work with standard coating composition or coating composition thinned by solvents containing the same volatile components as the coating composition is anticipated.

Temperature

: Work at temperature up to 20 °C higher than site temperature is anticipated except for the coating composition's drying and hardening processes at increased temperature.

General risk management measures

: Wear protective working clothes. Wear protective gloves and eye protection if in danger of contact with the coating composition. Basic training required. Abide by general principles of safe and hygienic work with chemical substances.

Site where the activities are performed

: Indoor use is anticipated.

### Additional requirements to control the hazard for workers carrying out partial work activities:

Partial work activities with the product (Partial contributing scenarios)	Process category	Required additional measures to control worker exposure
Pumping from/to containers and devices within a closed system with no possibility to release emission	PROC 1 Use within closed production process	Does not require further risk control measures.
Pumping the coating composition from/to containers and devices at non dedicated facility with potential human and environment exposure	PROC 8a Transfer of the product (charging / discharging) to/from vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
Pumping the coating composition from/to containers and devices at non dedicated facility with potential human and environment exposure	PROC 8b Transfer of the product (charging / discharging) to/from vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	Local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
Mixing, blending, thinning of coating composition in open devices with possible exposure to volatile components of the coating composition	PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes at mixture manufacturing (excl. charging and discharging of vessels).	Local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
Application by spraying.	PROC 7 Industrial spraying.	Robotic spraying in closed chambers or closed cabs with laminar extraction. In course of spraying, enter the chambers only with self-contained respirator.
		Manual spraying in spraying chambers with laminar flow of extracted air directed from the worker or in intensively ventilated spaces (5-10 air exchanges per hour) with respiratory protection (half-face or full-face respirator) provided with type A/P2 filter.
Manual coating composition application by	PROC 10 Roller, palette knife or	Local air extraction at potential emission release
roller, brush or palette knife.  Dipping or pouring application of coating composition.	brush application  PROC 13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).  Local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
Free drying of coating composition film at standard or slightly increased ambient temperature (by max. 20 °C)	PROC 4 Use within batch or other process where opportunity for exposure arises	Carry out in well ventilated spaces (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
Continuous drying and hardening processes of the coating composition film at increased temperature in drying tunnels equipped with vapour extraction	PROC 2 Use within continuous chemical production process with occasional controlled exposure (e.g. at sampling).	Does not require further risk control measures.
Batch drying and hardening processes of the coating composition film at increased temperature in extracted chambers	PROC 3 Use within closed batch process of mixture manufacturing.	Does not require further risk control measures.
Machine cleaning and washing of closed tanks, containers and devices equipped with vapour extraction	PROC 3 Use within closed batch process of mixture manufacturing	Does not require further risk control measures.
Manual cleaning of small containers, application devices and tools	PROC 10 Roller, palette knife or brush application (by a tool held in hand)	Local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).
	PROC8a Transfer of the product (charging / discharging) to/from vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	

Laboratory checks on the coating composition	PROC 15 Use as laboratory reagent (laboratory work with the product)	Good ventilation (3 – 5 air exchanges per hour).
Activities involving product waste and waste contaminated by the product		If in risk of contact with waste, wear protective gloves. Store the waste in closable containers stored in well ventilated storages or outdoor.

## Additional requirements to control environmental hazards

Air emission control	When spraying, remove fly coating mist from the air extracted from the work site. If the limits for solvent consumption defined in Ordinance no. 415/2012 Coll. are exceeded, use solvent recuperation from waste air or remove the solvents by incineration or other processes guaranteeing observation of emission parameters specified in air protection regulations.
Water emission control	Store the coating and waste contaminated by coat in buildings structurally protected from leakage release and emergency release to surface and ground water.  Treat water contaminated by coat compounds and remove solid impurities and organic compounds by sedimentation, filtration, biological treatment processes or special processes developed for treatment of water contaminated by coating compositions before discharging to surface water.  When discharging the treated waste water, observe the contamination parameters specified for the involved facility by water management authority.
Disposal of waste	Dispose of coat waste and materials contaminated by coat and its compounds in cooperation with authorised persons as of hazardous waste.  Dispose of solvent waste from tools and device cleaning as of hazardous waste.  Prevent release or discharge of any liquid waste to surface and ground water unless it is treated and coating composition compounds are removed.

## 2. Professional use

: SU 22 Application sector Chemical product category : PC9a

Partial processes covered by exposure scenario: PROC 3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC 7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19

Environmental release : ERC 8a, ERC 8d

## Basic conditions to control the hazard for workers:

Duration of work activities	: Covers exposure up to 8 h/d (unless otherwise specified)
Concentration	: Work with standard coating composition or coating composition thinned by solvents containing the same volatile components as the coating composition is anticipated.
Temperature	: Work at temperature up to 20 °C higher than site temperature is anticipated except for the coating composition's drying and hardening processes at increased temperature.
General risk management measures	: Wear protective working clothes. Wear protective gloves and eye protection if in danger of contact with the coating composition. Basic training required. Abide by general principles of safe and hygienic work with chemical substances.
Site where the activities are performed	: Indoor and outdoor use is anticipated.

# Additional requirements to control the hazard for workers carrying out partial work activities:

Partial work activities with the product (Partial contributing scenarios)	Process category	Required additional measures to control worker exposure
Pumping the coating composition from/to containers and devices at non dedicated facility with potential human and environment exposure  Pumping the coating composition from/to containers and devices at non dedicated facility with potential human and environment exposure	PROC 8a Transfer of the product (charging / discharging) to/from vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities  PROC 8b Transfer of the product (charging / discharging) to/from vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour).  Outdoor: secure catch dripping paint  Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (5 - 10 air exchanges per hour).  Outdoor: does not require further risk control
Mixing, blending, thinning of coating composition in open devices with possible exposure to volatile components of the coating composition	PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes at mixture manufacturing (excl. charging and discharging of vessels).	measures Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (3-5 air exchanges per hour). Outdoor: working process a maximum of 4h per day does not require further risk control measures or use respiratory protection with filter type A.
Application by spraying.	PROC 11 Non industrial spraying.	Indoor: do spraying in spraying chambers with laminar flow of extracted air directed from the worker or in intensively ventilated spaces (5-10 air exchanges per hour) with respiratory

		protection (half-face or full-face respirator) provided with type A/P2 filter.
		Outdoor: use respiratory protection with filter type A/P2.
Manual coating composition application by roller, brush or palette knife.	PROC 10 Roller, palette knife or brush application	Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (5 - 10 air exchanges per hour).  Outdoor: does not require further risk control measures
Dipping or pouring application of coating composition.	PROC 13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (5 - 10 air exchanges per hour).
		Outdoor: use respiratory protection with filter type A.
Free drying of coating composition film at standard or slightly increased ambient temperature (by max. 20 °C)	PROC 4 Use within batch or other process where opportunity for exposure arises	Indoor: carry out in well ventilated spaces (5 10 air exchanges per hour). Outdoor: does not require further risk control measures
Batch drying and hardening processes of the coating composition film at increased temperature in extracted chambers	PROC 3 Use within closed batch process of mixture manufacturing.	Does not require further risk control measures.
Machine cleaning and washing of closed tanks, containers and devices equipped with vapour extraction	PROC 3 Use within closed batch process of mixture manufacturing	Does not require further risk control measures.
Manual cleaning of small containers, application devices and tools	PROC 10 Roller, palette knife or brush application (by a tool held in hand)	Indoor: local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation (5 - 10 air exchanges per hour).  Outdoor: does not require further risk control measures
Laboratory checks on the coating composition	PROC 15 Use as laboratory reagent (laboratory work with the product)	Good ventilation (3 – 5 air exchanges per hour).
Manual activities involving hand contact	PROC19 Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available	Indoor. Use protective gloves, local air extraction at potential emission release or good ventilation Outdoor: use protective gloves
Activities involving product waste and waste contaminated by the product		If in risk of contact with waste, wear protective gloves. Store the waste in closable containers stored in well ventilated storages or outdoor.

# Additional requirements to control environmental hazards

Air emission control	Does not require special risk control measures
Water emission control	Store the paints and waste contaminated by paints in buildings structurally protected from leakage release and emergency release to surface and ground water.  Clean up waste water contaminated by paints in the Municipal wastewater treatment plants before discharging to surface water or capture or dispose them as hazardous waste in cooperation with the authorized person.
Disposal of waste	Overspray and drips paint as possible to capture and dispose as hazardous waste.  Prevent leakage or discharge of any liquid waste into surface and groundwater unless it is cleaned up from the paint compounds.  Dispose of paint waste and materials contaminated by paints and its compounds in cooperation with authorised persons as of hazardous waste.  Dispose of solvent waste from tools and device cleaning as of hazardous waste.